Office of Auditing & Advisory Services



Health Science Center at Houston

20-203 Biomedical Device Maintenance

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

We have completed our audit of biomedical device maintenance. This audit was performed at the request of the UTHealth Audit Committee and was conducted in accordance with the *International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing*.

Background

The maintenance of biomedical devices is critical to reducing costs, providing timely patient treatment, and reducing mortality and other risks associated with patient care. It is an integral part of the life cycle of such devices.

Audit Objectives

Our objective was to determine whether controls around biomedical device maintenance are adequate and functioning as intended. Specifically, we wanted to determine if:

- Biomedical device maintenance policies and procedure are in place.
- Biomedical device maintenance is performed according to established schedules/industry standards.
- Biomedical device maintenance fees are only paid for active and in-service devices.

Scope

UT Physicians and UTHealth biomedical devices as of June 30, 2021.

Conclusion

Overall, controls around biomedical device maintenance are adequate and functioning as intended. We noted the following opportunities for improvement:

| # | Audit Observation Summary | Risk | Risk Rating |
|---|---|--|--------------------|
| 1 | Instances were noted in which biomedical device maintenance was not performed according to established schedules/industry standards. | Increased costs and/or negative impacts to patient care. | High |
| 2 | Inventory records are not being updated and some biomedical devices are missing and unaccounted for. | Inaccurate inventory records and/or misappropriation of assets. | High |

AUDIT OBSERVATIONS & MANAGEMENT RESPONSES

#1 - Maintenance

Cause

Biomedical device maintenance is not being performed according to established schedules/industry standards.

Risk

Increased costs and/or negative impacts to patient care.

Condition

We noted institutional policies and procedures governing biomedical device maintenance have not been formally established.

We selected a sample of 25 active biomedical devices from the IT Asset Management System (ITAMS) - which subsequently migrated to ServiceNow - and conducted a site inspection to verify maintenance is being performed according to the Emergency Care Research Institute's *Inspection and Preventive Maintenance Procedures* (IPM). We noted one device for which maintenance was not performed according to the IPM.

While onsite:

- We selected a random sample of 15 biomedical devices and noted 13 were not under a service contract or the service contract was not available. We noted the following issues:
 - 2 devices with no record of maintenance performed.
 - 2 devices with past-due maintenance service dates (both over 1 year).
- We requested reports detailing maintenance fees paid in order to verify each biomedical device is active and in service. Clinical management was unable to run the requested reports and, as a result, we were unable to perform this procedure.

Criteria

Healthcare IT management informed us maintenance for biomedical devices follows the IPM.

Recommendation

We recommend management:

- Develop and implement institutional policies and procedures governing biomedical device maintenance and ensure maintenance is conducted on devices according to established schedules/industry standards.
- Conduct maintenance on the biomedical devices noted as exceptions.

Rating

High

UT System Priority Findings Matrix Mapping (see Appendix A)

Effectiveness and Efficiency: Medium probability of a mission critical activity failing with major regulatory, reporting consequences.

Management Response #1

We will develop UT Physicians (UTP) Biomedical Equipment Maintenance policies and procedures that address the specific needs and requirements of biomedical maintenance. These policies and procedures will follow manufacturer recommendations for maintenance of medical equipment. Once

finalized, the procedures will be distributed to the clinical enterprise and communicated at future UTP Clinic Leadership and DMO meetings.

Responsible Party

Saeed Chaudhry, Vice President, Executive Director Operations – UTP Katherine Hinze, Director, Clinical Effectiveness and Patient Safety – UTP

Implementation Date

March 11, 2022

Management Response #2

UTP clinic managers will request service maintenance on the noted exceptions.

Responsible Party Saeed Chaudhry, Vice President, Executive Director Operations – UTP

Implementation Date March 11, 2022

#2 – Inventory Records

Cause

Inventory records are not being updated and some biomedical devices are missing and unaccounted for.

Risk

Inaccurate inventory records and/or misappropriation of assets.

Condition

We selected a sample of 25 active biomedical devices from ITAMS, performed a site inspection, and noted the following issues:

- 8 of 25 (32%) reflected an incorrect status in ITAMS. Clinical management informed us the devices were surplused, sold, or transferred to different areas.
- 2 of 25 (8%) were not onsite and could not be accounted for by clinical management.

While conducting site inspections, we selected a random sample of 15 biomedical devices and noted one that had an inventory tag but was not reflected in ITAMS. Additionally, during our review of maintenance report records while onsite, we noted two devices listed that could not be located at the clinic.

Criteria

IT SOP-015 *Medical and Scientific Device SOP* requires medical and scientific devices to be appropriately accounted for and inventoried throughout their lifecycle from acquisition to disposition, regardless if devices are procured or received via a donation or other methods, and regardless of asset value or cost.

Recommendation

We recommend management:

- Update the inventory system for the biomedical devices noted as exceptions and conduct research to resolve those that could not be accounted for by clinical management.
- Develop and implement a process to ensure biomedical devices are accurately reflected in the inventory system.

Rating

High

UT System Priority Findings Matrix Mapping (see Appendix A)

Capital Impact: Medium potential for significant financial loss of use of assets with reputational side effects.

Management Response #1

For the noted exceptions, UTP Clinical management, the Biomed group, and Capital Assets will update the inventory system, as well as conduct research to resolve those that could not be accounted for by clinical management.

Responsible Party

Gene Chandler, Director of Integration, McGovern Medical School Heidemarie Hellriegel, Assistant Director of Capital Assets Management

Implementation Date

March 11, 2022

Management Response #2

The Biomed group will track new purchases and work with clinical management to update ServiceNow once biomedical devices arrive onsite. Additionally, a new distribution group – including Clinical Operations, Capital Assets, and the Biomed group - will be created for interdepartmental transfers, departmental relocations, trade-ins, and items to be sent to surplus. Capital Assets and the Biomed group will periodically attend the clinical leadership meetings to re-enforce the need to communicate any devices status changes.

Responsible Party

Gene Chandler, Director of Integration, McGovern Medical School Heidemarie Hellriegel, Assistant Director of Capital Assets Management Saeed Chaudhry, Vice President, Executive Director Operations – UTP

Implementation Date March 11, 2022

We would like to thank the UTP Operations, Physician Business Services, Capital Assets Management, and Epic Operating staff and management who assisted us during our review.

Daniel G. Sherman, MBA, CPA, CIA Associate Vice President & Chief Audit Officer

NUMBER OF PRIORITY FINDINGS REPORTED TO UT SYSTEM None.

MAPPING TO AUDITING & ADVISORY SERVICES FY 2020 RISK ASSESSMENT

| Reference | Risk | Risk Rating |
|-----------|--|--------------------|
| IT 144 | Medical devices are not adequately cleaned and | High |
| | maintained. | - |

DATA ANALYTICS UTILIZED None.

AUDITING & ADVISORY SERVICES ENGAGEMENT TEAM

AVP/CAO – Daniel G. Sherman, MBA, CPA, CIA Audit Manager – Brook Syers, CPA, CFE, CISA, CIA Auditor Assigned – Lieu Tran, CISA

END OF FIELDWORK DATE

September 13, 2021

20-203 Biomedical Device Maintenance

ISSUE DATE

October 20, 2021

REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Audit Committee Andrew Casas Gene Chandler Saeed Chaudhry Kevin Dillon Dr. James Griffiths Cynthia Huehlefeld Ana Touchstone Amar Yousif

APPENDIX A UT SYSTEM PRIORITY FINDINGS MATRIX

The University of Texas System Systemwide Internal Audit Priority Findings Matrix

| Priority Findings | ACRMC Reporting Institutional Reporting | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Matrix | Priority Finding | HIGH | MEDIUM | LOW |
| QUALITATIVE RISK FACTORS | - Potential Probability and Consec | uences in various risk areas with re | | whole |
| Reputation: | High probability that donors and | High probability that individuals | Medium probability that | Low probability that individual |
| Damaged to the image of | other funding sources will | will not choose to participate as | individual stakeholders will not | stakeholders will be affected |
| the institution and/or UT | withdraw or withhold funding | students, faculty, or other | choose to participate in the | |
| System | | stakeholders | institution | |
| System | National media exposure | Adverse regional media exposure | Adverse local media exposure | No media exposure |
| Information Security: | High probability of regulatory | Medium probability of some | Low probability of external | N/A |
| Integrity, confidentiality | action or loss of reputation or | external financial/operating data | financial or operating data being | |
| and availability of | affect on availability of budget in | being incorrect | incorrect | |
| information | connection with incorrect | | | |
| | external financial reporting | | | |
| | | | | |
| | High probability of data breach | Medium probability of data breach | Low probability of data breach | Opportunity to enhance existing acceptable system |
| | N/A | High probability of key internal | Medium probability of internal | Low probability of internal |
| | | financial/operating data being | data being incorrect | information being incorrect |
| | | incorrect | | |
| Compliance: | High probability of loss of funding, | Medium probability of loss of | Low probability of loss of funding, | N/A |
| Compliance with external | prosecution, significant financial | funding, prosecution, significant | prosecution, significant financial | |
| legal or regulatory | penalty, negative legal action | financial penalty, negative legal | penalty, negative legal action | |
| requirements | and/or significant, prolonged | action and/or significant, | and/or significant adverse impact | |
| | adverse impact on institution's | prolonged adverse impact on | on institution's reputation | |
| | N/A | High probability of increased | Medium probability of increased | Low probability of increased |
| | | monitoring or negative perception | monitoring or negative perception | monitoring or negative perception |
| | | by the regulators | by the regulators | by the regulators |
| Accomplishment of | High probability that a major | Medium probability that an | Low probability that an operating | Process improvement opportunity |
| Management's | operating project or initiative (i.e. | operating project will miss time, | project will not achieve some of | to assist in achieving a goal |
| Objectives: | a new degree program or | cost or technical goals | its goals | to assist in active ing a goal |
| | information system) will be | cost of technical goals | its goals | |
| being successful | materially late, over budget or | | | |
| being successful | technically deficient | | | |
| | N/A | High probability that an internal | Medium probability that an | Low probability that an internal |
| | | activity or project will not achieve | internal activity or project will not | |
| | | its goals | achieve some of its goals | some of its goals |
| Effectiveness and | High probability of a mission | Medium probability of a mission | Low probability of a mission | N/A |
| Efficiency: | critical activity failing with major | critical activity failing with major | critical activity failing with major | |
| Objectives at risk and/or | regulatory, reporting | regulatory, reporting | regulatory, reporting | |
| resources being wasted | consequences | consequences | consequences | |
| | | | | |
| | N/A | High probability that some | Medium probability of some | Low probability that some |
| | N1 / A | objectives are not met | objectives not being met | objectives may not be met |
| | N/A | High probability of significant cost | Medium probability of significant | Low probability of significant cost |
| | NI (A | over runs | cost over-runs | over runs |
| | N/A | High probability of a significant | Medium probability of a | Low probability of a significant |
| Capital Impact: | High probability of significant | waste of resources Medium potential for significant | significant waste of resources Low probability for significant | waste of resources Probability of immaterial and/or |
| | financial loss of use of assets with | financial loss of use of assets with | financial loss of use of assets with | small financial losses of use of |
| of assets | reputation consequences | reputation side effects | reputation side effects | assets with minimal reputation |
| 01 000000 | Loss of control over significant | Loss of control over other assets | Minor control deficiency over | Opportunity to improve existing |
| | assets | Loss of control over other assets | assets | controls over assets |
| Life Safety | High probability for loss of life | Medium probability for loss of life | Low probability for loss of life | N/A |
| | | | | |
| | N/A | High probability for personal | Medium probability for personal | Low probability for personal |
| | | injury Madium probability for release of | injury Low probability for release of | injury |
| | | Medium probability for: release of | Low probability for release of | N/A |
| | High probability of material | tavias /infastious -linear | touing/infactious diseases | |
| | release of toxics/infectious | toxics/infectious disease | toxics/infectious disease | |
| | release of toxics/infectious disease | | | N/A |
| | release of toxics/infectious disease High probability of Substantial | Medium probability of | Low probability of toxic/infectious | N/A |
| | release of toxics/infectious disease | | | N/A |

Last Updated: June 2014

The University of Texas System Systemwide Internal Audit Priority Findings Matrix

| Priority Findings | ACRMC Reporting | Institutional Reporting | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Matrix | Priority Finding | HIGH | MEDIUM | LOW |
| | | rational controls with consequence | s of not achieving objectives (If stra | tegy or important operational |
| objectives are directly impa | | | | |
| Operational Oversight/Alignment | Operational oversight, alignment or management issue has the capacity to derail or significantly impact an Institutional or UT System strategic initiative | Operational oversight, alignment or management issue has the capacity to impair progress on an Institutional strategic initiative | N/A | N/A |
| Management Oversight | Management oversight control of critical organizational objectives is absent | Management oversight control of critical organizational objectives is ad hoc and/or not formalized | | Management oversight control of critical objectives can be improved |
| Management Alignment | Management's alignment of people, process and technology to efficiently accomplish organizational objectives is lacking risk awareness creating critical inefficiency and risk exposure | Management's alignment of people, process and technology to efficiently accomplish organizational objectives is not effectively creating awareness of inefficiencies and potentially significant risks, potentially impacting objective achievement | Key organizational components (trained people, defined process, or appropriate technology) are exposed to moderate risks yet to be addressed, potentially impacting objective achievement | Key organizational components (trained people, defined process, or appropriate technology) are exposed to low risks yet to be addressed, potentially impacting objective achievement |
| Designed Controls | Designed controls within objective critical operations are inadequate or are non-functional impacting objective achievement | Designed controls within important operations are not functional on a consistent day-to- day basis, with no compensating controls, potentially impacting objective achievement | Designed controls within important processes and transactions are inconsistent in their effectiveness, with no compensating controls, potentially impacting objective achievement | Breakdown of designed controls on a frequent and regular basis with compensating controls, but little impact on the achievement of objectives |
| | N/A | Control or process improvement opportunities that will provide a measurable economic result (significant to the institution) | Control or process improvement opportunities that will correct a reputational or compliance deficiency | N/A |
| | RS – Estimated Financial Consequen ne institutional Chief Audit Executiv | | nstitution as a whole (quantitative | factors % will vary by institution, |
| Payments (including fines and legal costs) | >5% of outlays/expenditures | >2% to 5% of outlays/expenditures | 1% to 2% of outlays/expenditures | <1% of outlays/expenditures |
| Lost Revenues (actual and/or opportunities) | >5% of Revenue | >2% to 5% of Revenue | 1% to 2% of Revenue | <1% of Revenue |

Last Updated: June 2014