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Date:

August 21, 2019

To:

James Kazen, Executive Vice President, Facilities Planning & Operations

From:

John Lazarine, Chief Audit Executive

Internal Audit & Consulting

Subject:

Audit Report - Facilities Management - Change Orders

As part of our approved Audit Plan, we recently completed an audit of Facilities Management – Change Orders. Attached is the report detailing the results of this review. Management's Action Plans are included in the report.

We appreciate the cooperation and assistance we received from Facilities Management and Purchasing throughout the review.

Respectfully,

John/Lazarine, CIA, CISA, CRISC

Chief Audit Executive

Internal Audit & Consulting Services

Distribution:

cc: Dr. William Henrich, President
Michael Black, Sr. EVP & COO
Andrea Marks, VP & CFO
Yeman Collier, VP & CIO
Jack Park, Chief Legal Officer
Daniel Costello, Associate Vice President, Facilities Management
Eric Walls, Senior Director, Supply Chain Management
J. Michael Peppers, Chief Audit Executive, UT System

External Audit Committee Members:

Pat Frost Regina Conklin Ed Garza Paul Williams



Facilities Management – Change Orders Audit Report (18-03) August 21, 2019

Summary of Audit Results

Background Information

The Office of Facilities Management (Facilities) is responsible for the planning, construction, operation and maintenance of general fund supported academic and administrative buildings, campus grounds, and all utility, energy and building management systems. Facilities staff review and approve project change orders to extend project timelines and amend contract costs due to changes in the scope of work. As of June 4, 2019, the budget for active capital projects in AiM¹ totaled \$129.9 million. This includes projects managed by Facilities and those that were initially managed by the UT System Office of Facilities Planning & Construction (OFPC)², and includes costs reported for work performed by external contractors and internal Facilities trades.

Objective and Scope

The objective of this audit was to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls over the change order management process. The scope of this audit included a sample of change orders processed for projects during the period of September 1, 2017 through March 31, 2019. Specifically, we focused on projects managed by Facilities for work performed by external contractors, as opposed to work performed by Facilities trades.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Institute of Internal Auditors' *International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing*.

Summary of Results

Overall, the adequacy of internal controls over the change order management process is sufficient. However, opportunities to further strengthen these processes and controls were identified, such as including additional detail in the justification for a change order and enhancing monitoring procedures regarding surety bonds and insurance policies. Additionally, Institutional procurement policies should be clarified to ensure the appropriate level of approval for amending construction contracts is obtained.

Observations, recommendations and management's action plans are detailed in the attached table of Issues and Recommendations. We appreciate the courtesy and cooperation we received from staff within Facilities and Purchasing throughout this audit.

Summary of Priority Findings

Based on the results of this audit, there were no findings considered to be Priority to the Institution. The UT System Internal Audit finding Classification System includes Priority, High, Medium, or Low-level findings. A Priority Finding is defined as an issue identified by an internal audit that, if not addressed timely, could directly impact achievement of a strategic or important operational objective of a UT institution or the UT System as a whole. Non-Priority Findings are ranked as High, Medium, or Low, with the level of significance based on an assessment of applicable risk factors and probability of a negative outcome occurring if the risk is not adequately mitigated.

² As part of a strategic alignment by UT System, as of June 3, 2019, projects managed by the OFPC will be managed by UT Health San Antonio.

¹ AiM is the project management system used by Facilities.

Distribution

- Dr. William Henrich, President
- Mr. Michael Black, Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer
- Ms. Andrea Marks, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
- Mr. Yeman Collier, Vice President and Chief Information Officer
- Mr. Jack Park, Chief Legal Officer
- Mr. James Kazen, Executive Vice President, Facilities Planning & Operations
- Mr. Daniel Costello, Associate Vice President, Facilities Management
- Mr. Eric Walls, Senior Director, Supply Chain Management
- Mr. J. Michael Peppers, Chief Audit Executive, UT System

Auditors:

Kimberly Weber, Audit Manager, CIA, CFE, CRMA, CICA, CGAP, MPA Brenda Peña, Senior Auditor, CIA, CFE, CICA

Approved for Release

John Lazarine, Chief Audit Executive, Internal Audit & Consulting Services

Issues and Recommendations

Facilities Management – Change Orders

Observat	tion/Condition	Business Implication	Recommendation	Management Action Plan	Due Date	Responsible Party
Change Order Documentation						
consistently contains for why a change in work was necessand 17 change orders in \$196,386, often us "Unforeseen condictions thange order was a change order was a condition or work. For example condition or may be a special skill or seasbestos removal)	umentation did not in sufficient justification in the original scope of ary. Specifically, 12 of reviewed, totaling sed the term ition" to explain why a needed. of this review, internal policies to guidance on use of scriptions when anges to the scope of e, "unforeseen used in a case where ervice is required (i.e. of that was not known was initiated, but not as for a change.	Insufficient detail for a change order could result in duplicate or additional work being conducted, which may inadvertently increase the cost of a project.	Use the new guidance to document any justifications for a change in the original scope of work for a given project.	Management has updated internal procedures to include additional guidance on the use of project descriptions when making formal changes to the scope of work and by adding additional supporting documentation.	Closed	N/A

Surety bonds are not adequately reviewed and monitored to ensure authenticity and appropriate value and coverage. Currently, Purchasing receives a copy of all surety and insurance documentation at the onset of a project. The bonds and insurance policy copies are included in the project file, but not validated. In addition, when project values are increased due to change orders, surety validation controls of surety and insurance policies at the onset of a project and intermittently thereafter, as necessary, to ensure the Institution is adequately protected from financial harm. Insurance policies at the onset of a project and intermittently thereafter, as necessary, to ensure the Institution is adequately protected from financial harm. Insurance policies at the onset of a project and intermittently thereafter, as necessary, to ensure the Institution is adequately protected from financial harm.	Observation/Condition	Business Implication	Recommendation	Management Action Plan	Due Date	Responsible Party		
Surety bonds are not adequately reviewed and monitored to ensure authenticity and appropriate value and coverage. Currently, Purchasing receives a copy of all surety and insurance documentation at the onset of a project. The bonds and insurance policy copies are included in the project file, but not validated. In addition, when project values are increased due to change orders, surety Insufficient validation controls of surety and insurance policies at the onset of a project and intermittently thereafter, as necessary, to ensure the Institution is adequately protected from financial harm. 1. Validate surety bonds and insurance policies at the onset of a project and intermittently thereafter, as necessary, to ensure the Institution is adequately protected from financial harm. 1. Management has updated procedures to implement a bonding and insurance review and monitoring process to ensure insurance certificates are valid and meet coverage requirements, and that bonds are valid and valued commensurate with	Surety Bond & Insurance Validation/Monitoring							
bonds are not verified to ensure the increase in value was obtained. Audit noted two instances where a contractor was paid to increase a bond value and it either was not done (\$374 10/1/19 10	Surety bonds are not adequately reviewed and monitored to ensure authenticity and appropriate value and coverage. Currently, Purchasing receives a copy of all surety and insurance documentation at the onset of a project. The bonds and insurance policy copies are included in the project file, but not validated. In addition, when project values are increased due to change orders, surety bonds are not verified to ensure the increase in value was obtained. Audit noted two instances where a contractor was paid to increase a bond value and it either was not done (\$374 loss) or was done several months later by the contractor. In both instances Facilities and Purchasing staff were unaware of this issue until Audit brought this matter to their attention.	validation controls of surety and insurance coverage increases the Institution's risk of financial loss should the contractor not perform in accordance with the contract.	insurance policies at the onset of a project and intermittently thereafter, as necessary, to ensure the Institution is adequately protected from financial harm. 2. In addition, staff should request a refund or credit of \$374 from the contractor for the bond that was not increased as required by the	updated procedures to implement a bonding and insurance review and monitoring process to ensure insurance certificates are valid and meet coverage requirements, and that bonds are valid and valued commensurate with the project values. 2. Management will pursue a credit or refund from the		Sr. Director Supply Chain Management Director of Financial Operations for Facilities Management		

	Observation/Condition	Business Implication	Recommendation	Management Action Plan	Due Date	Responsible Party		
Ins	Institutional Procurement Policy – Amending Contract Values							
3	Procurement Policy – Amending Contract Values through Purchase Orders due to change orders.	Inappropriate signature	Update current Institutional Policies to reflect appropriate	Management has updated Internal	Closed	Sr. Director Supply Chain		
The state of the s	Institutional procurement policies have not been revised to ensure the appropriate level of approval for amending an original contract value. Currently, there are no Institutional policies regarding amending contracts through the change order process, which would result in the overall value of the contract being increased.	authority increases the Institution's risk of financial loss.	approval thresholds for amending contracts and authorizing buyers to execute purchase orders.	Purchasing Procedures to document additional controls in place, which includes Senior Director or Assistant Director review and approval of any purchase order, contract, or PO increase over \$250,000		Management		
	The Institution's formal Delegation of Authority document states that a senior buyer may execute a purchase order for up to \$1 million, but does not specify whether the purchase order is within the original value or will increase the overall value of the contract.			In addition, management plans to update Institutional policies to address contracts with links to Internal Purchasing procedures where applicable. All				
	The Institution's formal Delegation of Authority document does not cover contract amendments and gives signature authority to execute a contract to only four ³ individuals Institutional-wide to execute a contract up to \$10 million. In addition to the four executive signers, a Contract Administration Manager may also execute a contract, but only up to a maximum of \$15,000.			updates to Procurement's Internal policies have been completed and communicated to affected staff.				
	Risk Rating: Medium							

³ The four individuals include the Senior Director of Supply Chain Management, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, and Assistant Vice President for Business Affairs.