

Risk Management Annual Report

Fiscal Year 2008





I am pleased to provide the FY 2008 Annual Report on the activities and financial results of The University of Texas System risk management programs and the Office of Risk Management (ORM).

The day to day activities associated with the risk management programs throughout the UT System are handled by an intricate network of highly qualified and dedicated individuals. This network includes professionals in business affairs, environmental, health and safety, facilities, human resources, security, business continuity, and many others. The scope of risk management activities continue to expand. In FY 2008, the total population of the UT System including student, faculty, and staff was approximately 300,000. Building and business income values were approximately \$22 billion.

The Risk Management Executive Committee (RMEC) provides oversight, strategic direction, and serves in an advisory capacity for all risk management programs. The Risk Management Advisory Committee (RMAC), the Environmental, Health and Safety Advisory Committee (EHSAC), and the Disaster/Mutual Aid Advisory Committee (DMAC) are comprised of institution representatives appointed by Chief Business Officers. These groups support and facilitate cooperative efforts and make recommendations related to risk management activities that benefit all institutions.

The timing of this report is such that it reflects financial information and activities occurring in FY 2008. However, we must acknowledge the event occurring the second week of FY 2009. Hurricane Ike has or will impact almost every program administered or coordinated by the Office of Risk Management.

In April of 2008, the commercial property insurance policy was renewed and for the first time since Tropical Storm Allison (2001), the Comprehensive Property Protection Plan (CPPP) included significant commercial named windstorm and flood insurance. It is important to recognize that the financial statements reported here reflect the purchase of the commercial insurance policy but do not reflect any losses associated with Hurricanes Dolly or Ike.

Although the losses from these hurricanes are significant, the emergency and disaster plans, loss control programs, Systemwide contracts and agreements and innovative risk financing programs that have been put in place over the last several years, and enhanced in FY 2008, responded well and as envisioned. The work that has been done by the institutional professionals mentioned above and Office of Risk Management staff has paid huge dividends in mitigating losses. The efforts by institutional professionals throughout the system, before, during, and after these storms were heroic and they should all be commended.

The risk management programs in the UT System are broad and comprehensive. The activities and results are described and financial reports are included in the following report.

I trust the FY 2008 Risk Management Report will be informative and helpful.

Phillip B. Dendy, CRM Director, Office of Risk Management The University of Texas System

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As of August 31, 2008

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*Each Regent's term expires when a successor has been appointed, qualified, and taken the oath of office. The Student Regent serves a one-year term.

Mission Statement

The mission of The University of Texas System is to provide high-quality educational opportunities for the enhancement of the human resources of Texas, the nation, and the world through intellectual and personal growth.

It is the mission of the Office of Risk Management to protect people, property, the community and the environment and to enhance the well being of students, faculty and staff through the development and implementation of cost effective, efficient business operations and compliant risk control and risk financing techniques for the UT System and the fifteen institutions.

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Overview of the Office of Risk Management (ORM)

Prudent risk control and risk financing activities have resulted in strong financial positions in The University of Texas System self-insurance programs. Financial statements (balance sheets and income statements) for all self-insurance programs administered by ORM are included in Appendices A-1 through A-8.

The Office of Risk Management is comprised of five sections with specific areas of responsibility including Risk Control, Risk Finance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Risk Accounting, and Risk Information Systems. Each section plays an important role in the risk management process and actively coordinates with institutional professionals throughout The University of Texas System.

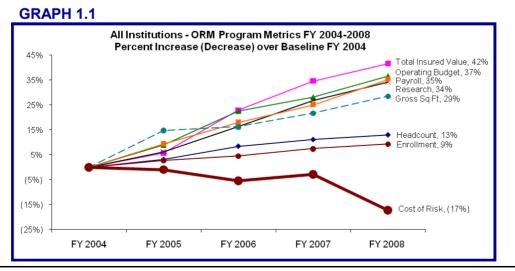
- <u>Risk Control</u> coordinates and supports Systemwide activities for loss prevention, environmental, health and safety, property conservation, and business resilience.
- <u>Risk Finance</u> administers Systemwide self-insurance, traditional insurance programs, and provides consultative risk identification, analyses, and claim coordination services.
- <u>Workers' Compensation Insurance</u> is responsible for all claim management and cost containment activities for this large self-insurance program.
- <u>Risk Accounting</u> supports actuarial and transactional functions for all programs administered by ORM, as well as the Professional Medical Liability and Directors & Officers/Employment Practices Liability programs administered by the Office of General Counsel.
- <u>Risk Information Systems</u> provides technology and support for claim management, accounting, and consolidated data tracking systems utilized by the Office of Risk Management.

An organizational chart of the Office of Risk Management is attached as Appendix B-1.

Cost of Risk

Cost of risk is a method of measuring the financial performance of risk management programs. For the purpose of this report, cost of risk includes fixed costs such as commercial and self-insurance premiums, program administration, broker fees, and replenishment to the Comprehensive Property Protection Plan (CPPP). The cost of risk model also includes paid deductibles for the CPPP and automobile insurance programs. It does not include all costs such as retained losses and premiums paid for institution-specific policies.

In FY 2008, the cost of risk for Systemwide risk management programs managed by ORM was \$24.2 million compared to \$29.2 million in FY 2004. From a baseline year in FY 2004, Systemwide exposure metrics including headcount, payroll, square footage, total insured values, research expenditures, and others have increased significantly. Graph 1.1 illustrates the Systemwide cost of risk and applicable metrics as a percentage (increase/decrease) compared to a baseline of FY 2004.



Since FY 2004, in spite of increased exposure, cost of risk was reduced seventeen percent (17%) in FY 2008. Appendix C-1 provides the details by program for cost of risk. Cost of risk and data related to claim frequency and severity are mechanisms to benchmark the financial performance of a risk management program. However, these data points, while valid indicators, do not always highlight the important loss prevention, risk control, and cost containment activities that are implemented to achieve those results.

Risk Control

Risk Control provides consultative services including loss prevention, environmental, health and safety, property conservation, and business resilience and is responsible for administering a number of Systemwide service contracts that leverage the buying power of the UT System and provide general oversight and control of certain high risk activities.

The Risk Control staff coordinate and represent the UT System in dealing with State agencies and departments including the Governor's Division of Emergency Management with regard to emergency response and coordination of State-owned property for use during an emergency, and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality regarding environmental issues. Risk Control works with the Offices of Real Estate; Facilities, Planning, and Construction; General Counsel; and other UT System offices to facilitate risk assessments for real property, control construction risks, as well as research and analyze legislation, regulations, and standards.

Risk Control supports and coordinates the Environmental, Health and Safety Advisory Committee (EHSAC) and associated working groups, as well as the efforts of the Systemwide Disaster Mutual Aid Committee. Each Environmental, Health & Safety (EH&S) department conducts a peer review of its institution's EH&S programs at least every three years. This process is monitored by the EHSAC chairperson and administered by the Risk Control.

In FY 2008, Risk Control sponsored twenty-eight (28) training sessions that were attended by over 445 personnel throughout UT System. Sessions included:

- 24 hour Hazardous Waste Operator;
- 8 hour Hazardous Waste Operator Refresher;
- Cardiac Pulmonary Resuscitation/First Aid/Automatic External Defibrillation;
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;
- Department of Transportation Hazardous Materials;
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration 501 Course for General Industry; and
- Accident Investigation.

Risk Control manages Systemwide non-exclusive contracts for the handling of hazardous, medical, and radioactive wastes, as well as services for spill control, emergency response, and disaster recovery. These contracts yield an estimated cost savings of at least \$750,000 a year based on current market rates.

FY 2008 brought many changes to the Property Conservation Program. For the past two years, this program was administered by Risk Control with services provided by UT System's property insurer. This year, the program was unbundled from the insurer, using a dedicated property loss control professional. This new program allows UT System to focus on providing property conservation services for ORM and the institutions that are customized to the particular needs of each institution, while demonstrating due diligence for risk management and underwriting purposes. The Property Conservation Program is centered on campus loss prevention surveys that include not only a review of property protection components in buildings such as sprinkler systems and flood controls, but an analysis of each institution's management programs and how they are implemented to respond to various emergencies such as a fire, flood, or power outage. The campus loss prevention surveys and the management program ratings are compiled into a risk rating score, which is a factor in premium allocation.

Risk Control also coordinates the Systemwide efforts regarding emergency management, incident response, business continuity and resilience. Working through the Disaster Mutual Aid Committee (DMAC) and other institutional contacts, Risk Control works to foster communication of best practices for plan development, emergency response, recovery, crisis management, communication, and testing, as well as review and reporting procedures for business continuity.

In FY 2008, Risk Control and the DMAC conducted two Systemwide hurricane preparedness exercises, both of which involved a hurricane impacting UT institutions on the Gulf Coast. Both of these exercises helped to identify issues of academic, research, and patient-care continuity that could potentially be supported through mutual aid among the UT Institutions. For the first exercise in December 2007, the Governor's Division of Emergency Management (GDEM) participated, helping to identify areas for better coordination with GDEM in emergency response and preparedness. For the second exercise in April 2008, the UT System was an active participant in the State of Texas annual Hurricane Evacuation Exercise (HUREX). For this exercise, mutual support among UT institutions focused on patient-care continuity, and the need for academic continuity plans and agreements. Risk Control also worked with GDEM in planning for the potential use of UT facilities for state evacuations.

Resource Allocation Program (RAP)

The Resource Allocation Program (RAP) was implemented in 1998 with the goal to maintain a safe physical work environment and encourage reduction in the frequency and severity of employee accidents and injuries. The program provides institutions with funding that allows them to implement risk management initiatives that, while complementing existing efforts, are outside the scope of their budgets.

Funding from the Workers' Compensation fund is allocated to each institution as recommended by the actuary. Each year, eighty percent (80%) of the available funds are allocated based on the institution's 3-year loss ratio of premiums-to-expenditures and ten percent (10%) is distributed equally. The remaining ten percent (10%) is used for Systemwide projects and initiatives, which benefit all institutions.

Examples of initiatives at the institutions include but are not limited to emphasis on: material handling; patient lifting; electrical safety; prevention of slips, trips, and falls; wellness; CPR and first aid training; and automated external defibrillators. The program also supports Systemwide initiatives such as the 24-hour medical and security response services through International SOS. According to a Systemwide international travel survey, over 17,500 university students, faculty and staff make almost 7,500 international trips annually. The International SOS organization provides emergency medical care and security services to university students, faculty and staff traveling outside the United States.

Since inception, over \$30.6 million has been distributed through the RAP and the exceptional loss experience in the workers' compensation

program is clear evidence of its positive impact at the institutions. There are residual benefits in other program areas by promoting a safe work environment. The distribution of FY 2008 funds is outlined in Table 2.1.

Risk Finance

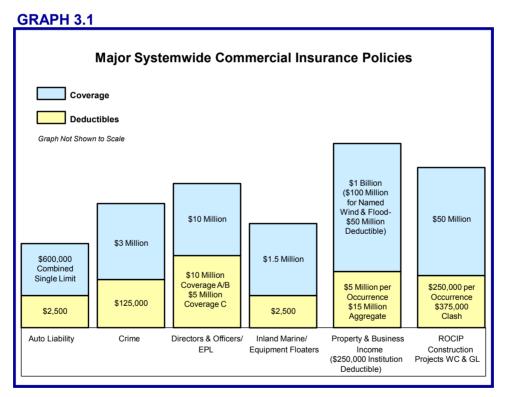
Risk Finance is responsible for placement and oversight of property/casualty policies, as well as administering the Comprehensive Property Protection Plan (CPPP) and the Rolling Owner Controlled Insurance Program (ROCIP). Risk Finance also provides consultative services including risk assessments, contract and lease reviews, issuance of certificates of insurance, and claims management.

TABLE 2.1 RAP Distribution for FY 2008						
Institution Allocation						
UT System	\$47,203					
UT Arlington	\$96,170					
UT Austin	\$430,500					
UT Brownsville	\$49,610					
UT Dallas	\$67,942					
UT El Paso	\$40,973					
UT Pan American	\$48,033					
UT Permian Basin	\$45,280					
UT San Antonio	\$92,180					
UT Tyler	\$27,218					
UT SWMC Dallas	\$330,241					
UTMB Galveston	\$270,176					
UTHSC Houston	\$282,220					
UTHSC San Antonio	\$115,420					
UT MD Anderson	\$720,708					
UTHSC Tyler	\$36,126					
Systemwide	\$300,000					
TOTAL	\$3,000,000					

As a result of performing risk assessments, it is sometimes determined that placement of specialty coverages to mitigate an institution's risk is necessary. In FY 2008, Risk Finance purchased two separate and unique coverages as a result of its risk consultations with institutions. One assessment and placement involved a program providing out-of-state pharmaceutical prescriptions which posed specific risks to the institution and the prescribing pharmacist, such as both products and professional liability.

Another example involved a contract with the federal government for a clinical study on Gulf War Veterans. During the assessment and analysis of the contract, Risk Finance determined that a key risk of these studies is the potential for the study to go wrong, resulting in the need for a re-trial, at the sole cost of the researcher (i.e. the institution). By identifying this exposure, Risk Finance was able to negotiate the inclusion of the cost of a re-trial, up to the policy limits, into the institution's policy. Specific policies were purchased in each case to address the general liability and professional liability exposures.

In FY 2008, 225 insurance policies were purchased and managed, representing a four percent (4%) increase from FY 2007. Twenty-six (26) policies were purchased on behalf of multiple institutions with 199 purchased for the benefit of an individual institution. Total commercial premiums for policies purchased was approximately \$9.6 million, including commercial property insurance. Graph 3.1 below summarizes the Systemwide commercial insurance policies while Table 3.1 on the facing page represents a breakdown of the types of policies placed.



Comprehensive Property Protection Plan

UT System's Comprehensive Property Protection Plan (CPPP) covers the System's \$18.4 billion in property values and \$3.5 billion in business income values. This plan is a combination of traditional and self insurance and is comprised of two programs: one for fire and other perils and one for named windstorm and resulting flood.

Each program includes an institutional deductible within a funded reserve and a process for replenishment of the fund when claims are paid. The CPPP structure can be seen in Graph 3.2 on the facing page. Financial statements can be found in Appendices A-1 and A-2.

For the renewal period beginning April 1, 2008, Risk Finance enhanced the CPPP's commercial insurance policy. In order to obtain broader coverage, Risk Finance accessed the worldwide marketplace to put in place a shared and layered program made up of nine different insurance carriers. While per occurrence limits remain at \$1 billion, the deductible for fire and all other perils was reduced from \$7.5 million to \$5 million per occurrence. In addition, the annual aggregate retention was reduced from \$20 million to \$15 million.

In 2008, the commercial insurance marketplace softened, and as a result timing was right to pursue the highest named windstorm and resulting flood limit possible at reasonably competitive pricing. The worldwide marketplace was canvassed including US, European and Bermudian markets.

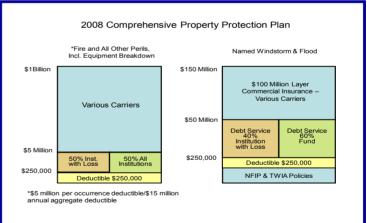
Because of the significant total insured values between campuses in Galveston and Houston, the named windstorm deductible was a large issue during this placement. In negotiations, a balance had to be found between gaining carriers' interest in participating in the commercial insurance program and finding a deductible suitable for UT System.

Many other entities with significant values in wind-exposed areas have named windstorm deductibles calculated on a percentage basis. This normally ranges from 2%-5% depending on the distance from the coast. The deductibles can apply per the total insured value by location or on an affected building basis. Because UT System has such massive values located at UT Medical Branch-Galveston, a more creative named windstorm deductible was necessary to obtain the highest available limits at the most reasonably competitive pricing.

UT System's primary carriers were willing

Policy Type	Policy Count	Premium		
Accident	14	\$53,932.36		
Aircraft	2	\$65,202.00		
Auto Liability	5	\$728,609.00		
Auto Physical Damage	1	\$110,790.00		
Crime	1	\$262,901.00		
Directors & Officers	1	\$187,532.00		
Event Cancellation	2	\$4,079.91		
Fine Arts	2	\$282,062.00		
Flood	147	\$418,255.00		
General Liability	23	\$169,282.51		
Inland Marine	4	\$316,259.13		
International	1	\$155,143.00		
Miscellaneous*	4	\$62,095.00		
Professional Liability	5	\$64,544.86		
Property	4	\$6,066,604.84		
Wind	5	\$515,008.00		
Workers' Compensation	4	\$163,646.73		
TOTAL	225	\$9,625,947.34		
*Includes Property & Liability Endowment Policy, UT Golf Training Center, UT Tyler Subway, and Property & Liability Washington DC Package				

GRAPH 3.2



to put up capacity including named windstorm at reasonable pricing, but needed extra protection from attritional losses. These carriers were interested in providing protection from worst case scenario events, such as Ike, but they didn't want to use up their premium base on small, Category 1 hurricanes. Using a \$50 million named windstorm deductible allowed UT System to attract primary carriers at reasonable pricing levels.

In the end, UT System was able to obtain \$100 million of named windstorm and resulting flood coverage (highest available limit) for approximately \$3 million premium (reasonably competitive pricing).

In September, after placement of this new program, and after the end of FY 2008, lke swept through Galveston and the surrounding areas as a category two Hurricane. Ike caused both property damage and business income losses at UT Health Science Center-Houston and UT M.D. Anderson Cancer

Center while causing massive damage to Galveston Island and UT Medical Branch-Galveston. The physical damage and business interruption losses will exceed the \$50 million retention and commercial insurance limits purchased. The availability and cost of coverage for named windstorm and resulting perils in future years is not predictable.

Risk Finance completed Phase I of the Business Interruption (BI) project which includes an agreed methodology for calculating BI values. Phase II will focus on development of a comprehensive risk finance plan.

Rolling Owner Controlled Insurance Program

The Rolling Owner Controlled Insurance Program (ROCIP) began its fifth phase in January 2008. The fourth phase of the program will be in its final stages during calendar year 2009. The ROCIP provides workers' compensation, general liability and excess liability coverage for all contractors working on designated UT System construction projects. Benefits include consistency of insurance, enhanced safety and loss control, and cost savings.

The new phase was put in place with enhanced coverages such as a per project limit of \$50 million in excess coverage which represents an increase from Phase IV's \$25 million limit. In addition, completed operations coverage was increased to ten (10) years as opposed to three (3) years to align with the statute of repose in Texas. Since the program's inception, approximately \$3.7 billion in construction and over 4,200 contracts have been enrolled into the program through Phase IV. Table 3.2 provides a summary of financial performance for phases I-IV of the program. Because Phase V of the ROCIP is still in its early stages, financial projections are premature. Financial statements for the ROCIP program can be found in Appendix A-3.

TABLE 3.2 ROCIP Financial Performance (Phases I-IV)								
	ROCIP I	ROCIP II	ROCIP III	ROCIP IV ²	Total			
Construction Value	\$205,146,369	\$297.504.000	\$1,115,936,997	\$2,078,027,626	\$3,696,614,992			
Contractor's Insurance Cost	\$5,729,883	\$6,859,240	\$23,347,113	\$43,476,494 ³	\$79,412,730			
Contributions to ROCIP Fund	\$3,497,490	\$5,278,496	\$19,304,490	\$42,053,235	\$70,133,711			
Total ROCIP Cost ¹	\$4,073,844	\$3,908,778	\$16,895,128	\$34,872,305 ⁴	\$59,750,055			
Cost Avoided by Projects	\$2,232,393	\$1,580,744	\$4,042,623	\$1,423,259	\$9,279,019			
Savings to the ROCIP Fund	-\$576,534	\$1,369,718	\$2,409,362	\$7,180,930	\$10,383,656			
Impact of the ROCIP Program	\$1,656,039	\$2,950,462	\$6,451,985	\$8,604,189	\$19,662,675			

¹Based on actuarial projections of 8/2008

²ROCIP IV is still in progress so many figures are preliminary estimates.

⁴Contractor's Insurance Cost assumes ROCIP III rate of Contractor's Insurance Cost to Construction Value.

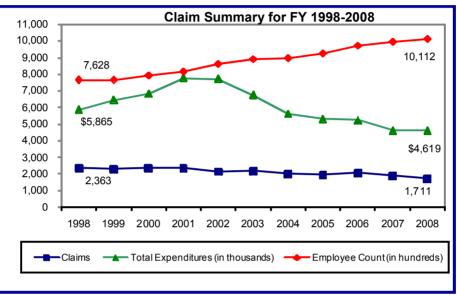
Workers' Compensation Insurance

Workers' Compensation Insurance (WCI) provides payment of reasonable and necessary medical benefits as well as a portion of recovery for lost wages incurred by an employee injured on the job. In FY 2008, 101,112 employees were covered by the program, an increase of almost thirteen percent (13%) since FY 2004. Over the same period, the total number of claims activity (lost time and medical only) decreased by nine percent (9%) and total expenditures increased by less than one percent (.03%).

WCI staff administers the program from offices located in Austin, Dallas, Houston, and El Paso. The success of the program is attributed to the efforts of ORM staff and the professionals throughout the institutions who are dedicated to seeing that an injured worker receives all benefits to which they are entitled and returns to gainful employment as soon as possible.

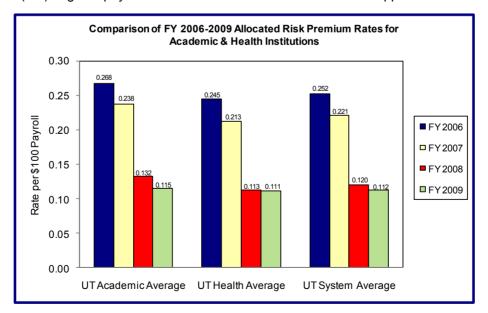
Funding for the WCI Program comes from the collection of premiums from each institution based on a variable rating process, which factors the institution's loss history, payroll, and claims frequency into the rate calculation. In FY 2008, the average premium rate was \$.12 per \$100 of payroll. The average rate decreased to \$.11 per \$100 of payroll for FY 2009. This compares very favorably to the FY 2009 average rate assessed by the State Office of Risk Management (SORM) of \$.74 per \$100 payroll. The average SORM rate for higher education institutions was \$.34 per \$100 payroll.*

Even though the UT System's WCI program covered more employees in FY 2008 than at any time in its history, the total number of claims (lost time and medical only) and benefit expenditures (indemnity and medical) were one of the lowest in the last ten years. Graph 4.1 summarizes the total employee count, expenditures, and claims each year from FY 1998-2008.





Graph 4.2 shows the average premium rate for academic and health institutions. Based on a gross payroll of \$5,363,195,005 in FY 2008, the WCI fund valued at \$52,674,887 is within the statutory limit of two percent (2%) of gross payroll. Financial statements can be found in Appendix A-4.



*State Office of Risk Management FY 2009 Assessments

In FY 2008, medical and income benefit payments totaled \$4,618,939, a nominal increase of \$12,692 from FY 2007. Due to the stability of benefit payments and an increase of employees, the cost per covered employee was \$45.68, a \$.66 decrease from FY 2007. Table 4.1 provides detailed information on medical and income payments in FY 2008. Graph 4.3 illustrates WCI benefit payments per employed person.

TABLE 4.1 Detail of Benefit Expenditures for FY 2008							
Institution	Settlements*	Total Benefits					
UT System		\$12,228.00	\$18,386.12	\$30,614.12			
UT Arlington		\$44,591.17	\$106,275.94	\$150,867.11			
UT Austin	\$65,377.80	\$243,386.59	\$445,663.15	\$754,427.54			
UT Brownsville		\$11,007.58	\$48,004.06	\$59,011.64			
UT Dallas		\$3,825.36	\$59,774.87	\$63,600.23			
UT El Paso		\$44,921.79	\$223,028.07	\$267,949.86			
UT Pan American		\$12,231.07	\$59,343.28	\$71,574.35			
UT Permian Basin		\$18,454.63	\$8,408.94	\$26,863.57			
UT San Antonio		\$49,858.50	\$130,931.78	\$180,790.28			
UT Tyler		\$3,863.64	\$24,083.46	\$27,947.10			
UT SWMC Dallas		\$360,843.75	\$523,763.97	\$884,607.72			
UTMB Galveston	\$40,798.65	\$504,166.85	\$506,150.92	\$1,051,116.42			
UTHSC Houston		\$83,976.24	\$119,943.58	\$203,919.82			
UTHSC San Antonio		\$113,252.99	\$130,120.85	\$243,373.84			
UT MD Anderson		\$61,268.81	\$127,094.04	\$188,362.85			
UTHSC Tyler		\$20,631.50	\$15,661.55	\$36,293.05			
Totals	\$106,176.45	\$1,588,508.47	\$2,546,634.58	\$4,241,319.50			
	MCM Fees \$377,620.21						
Total Benefits \$4,618,939.71							
*Judgments/Compromise Settlement Agreements **Includes temporary total disability benefits, partial permanent disability benefits, temporary							

Includes temporary total disability benefits, partial permanent disability benefits, temporary income benefits, supplemental income benefits, death benefits, and attorney fees *Does not includes medical audit or cost management fees

GRAPH 4.3

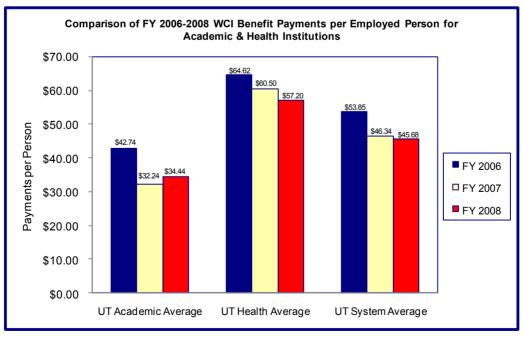


Table 4.2 shows the allocated premium rate and benefit payments per employee for each institution since FY 2006.

TABLE 4.2 Institution Premium Rate & Benefit Payments FY 2006-2009									
Institution	Alloca	ted Pre	mium F	Rate*		Benefit Payments pe Employee			
	2006	2007	2008	2009		2006	2007	2008	
UT System	.110	.101	.125	.116		\$57.47	\$37.42	\$46.91	
UT Arlington	.278	.204	.124	.122		\$32.51	\$28.48	\$31.19	
UT Austin	.228	.212	.120	.106		\$36.69	\$26.74	\$33.93	
UT Brownsville	.227	.223	.155	.142		\$21.55	\$19.89	\$29.00	
UT Dallas	.238	.230	.114	.081		\$17.15	\$43.62	\$17.26	
UT El Paso	.474	.430	.239	.159		\$120.57	\$61.29	\$61.55	
UT Pan American	.513	.389	.198	.151		\$65.29	\$19.32	\$22.88	
UT Permian Basin	.206	.151	.079	.183		\$3.48	\$102.60	\$39.68	
UT San Antonio	.259	.224	.114	.119		\$26.71	\$32.54	\$38.72	
UT Tyler	.123	.113	.055	.070		\$38.49	\$21.78	\$25.33	
UT SWMC Dallas	.243	.199	.132	.157		\$68.38	\$99.55	\$103.62	
UTMB Galveston	.384	.346	.160	.155		\$95.33	\$86.67	\$89.19	
UTHSC Houston	.174	.162	.091	.091		\$44.24	\$43.91	\$46.97	
UTHSC San Antonio	.266	.248	.126	.122		\$72.60	\$67.87	\$51.98	
UT MD Anderson	.136	.114	.070	.059		\$35.20	\$18.41	\$12.80	
UTHSC Tyler	.406	.452	.170	.132		\$102.90	\$74.30	\$45.32	
System Average	.252	.221	.120	.112		\$53.85	\$46.34	\$45.68	

*Rate per \$100 payroll

In FY 2008, UT System experienced a nine percent (9%) decrease in the total number of reported claims from FY 2007. This continues a general trend of decreasing frequency since FY 2000. Table 4.3 highlights WCI claims for the last three years.

TABLE 4.3 Analysis of WCI Claims								
FY 2006 FY 2007 FY 2008								
Medical Only	1286	1148	1007					
Lost Time	797 732 704							
TOTAL	AL 2083 1880 1711							

Risk Accounting

Risk Accounting manages all the transactional and financial reporting responsibilities for the risk financing programs administered by ORM and the Office of General Counsel (OGC). In FY 2008, over 18,000 indemnity, medical, claim, legal, and income transactions were processed on these programs.

Balance sheets and income statements are prepared for the Director of Risk Management, the Risk Management Executive Committee, and the Professional Medical Liability Committee. The financial statements, along with a brief synopsis of plan details for the self-insurance programs administered by ORM and OGC, are included as Appendix A-1 through A-8.

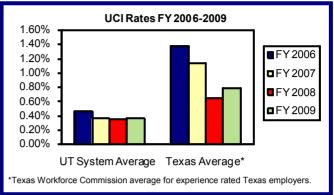
Accounting staff deal directly with actuaries providing historical loss data for reviews and recommendations of ultimate losses, rates and rating strategies, and capitalization targets. Accounting staff also maintain a relevant set of risk exposure metrics to calculate the cost of risk.

Unemployment Compensation Insurance (UCI)

The UT System reimburses the State Unemployment Trust Fund for claims paid by the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC). ORM is responsible for the accounting and financial aspects. Human resource professionals at each institution manage claims that are filed with the TWC.

The UCI plan collected \$3.3 million in premium during 2008, a one percent (1%) decrease from 2007. UCI claim expenses decreased six percent (6%) from the previous year. In FY 2008, UT institutions paid an average rate of \$.35 per \$100 of payroll, compared to a statewide average of \$.65 per \$100 of payroll for experience rated Texas employers. Graph 5.1 summarizes the UCI rates for FY 2006-2009. Financial statements of the UCI plan are found in Appendix A-5.

GRAPH 5.1



Risk Information Systems

The Risk Information Systems staff supports technology and programming services for all areas of ORM to ensure that automated systems are developed and maintained to effectively manage business functions. They provide software application support to risk management professionals at System Administration and the Campuses. ORM technology needs are managed through software applications developed and maintained on site and a Risk Management Information System (RMIS) hosted off site. The Risk Information Systems staff also manage data exchanged with contracted third parties to ensure that it is accurate, timely and secure.

ORM continued upgrades of two legacy software applications. The Professional Liability Financial application, SFPLIG has been replaced by the new Professional Liability Action Network (PLANet) system. This year, Phase II of PLANet was completed to include enhanced financial processing and tracking of risk management continuing education credentials for physicians.

The transition of the WCMENU workers' compensation claims management system to the web continues. The requirements that were established by the joint application development group are now being implemented. The WCMENU upgrade includes a complete change of infrastructure, security, data files, and business flow, while maintaining current business functionality and incorporating new statutory requirements.

On the Horizon - FY 2009

The Office of Risk Management is committed to continuing to provide value added services to the UT System and all institutions. In FY 2009, ORM will be focusing on recovery of programs following the substantial losses resulting from Hurricane Ike.

Work will be ongoing to renew the property insurance programs and evaluate the lessons learned from response and recovery activities including enhancing academic, research, and clinical resilience programs. Activities in FY 2009 will also include risk assessment and business process mapping, development of a risk management e-manual, enhancement of programs for property conservation and valuations, calculating and reporting cost of risk, and further development of the risk management activities associated with the ever expanding global footprint.

These important initiatives and the ongoing activity and interaction with the institutions are critical to maintaining and enhancing the effective risk management programs throughout the UT System.

APPENDICES

COMPREHENSIVE PROPERTY PROTECTION PLAN (CPPP)							
FIRE AND AOP							
DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	The CPPP Fire and All Other Perils Program (Fire and AOP) is a commercial insurance program with a high retention that insures the institutions against property claims including fire and other perils. A funded reserve is in place to cover the policy deductible.						
DATE OF INCEPTION	The CPPP Fire & AOP P	rogram was established in 1995.					
PREMIUM ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY	80% - Institution's Total I 20% - Institution's Premiu	nsured Values (TIV) um Allocation Model (PAM) score					
	CPPP Fire & AOP						
	Balance Sheet						
	at 8-31-2008	at 8-31-2007					
Assets							
Operating Cash	\$ 17,826,503	\$ 17,744,882					
Interest Receivable	40,615	46,071					
Prepaid Expenses	1,372,290	-					
Accounts Receivable	6,471	3,219					
Total Assets	19,245,880	17,794,172					
Liabilities							
Accrued Expenses	527,736 639,631						
IBNR	850,000	967,000					
Total Liabilities	1,377,736 1,606,631						
Net Assets	17,868,143	16,187,541					
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 19,245,880	\$ 17,794,172					
	Income Statement						
	Year Ended 8-31-200	-					
Revenue							
Premium Income	\$ 4,041,727	\$ 5,835,460					
Interest Income	523,449	443,767					
Claim Settlement	333	1,620,954					
Total Revenue	4,565,508	7,900,181					
Expenses							
Expenses	EE0 004	4 407 004					
Claim Expenses	558,231	1,127,364					
Premium Expenses	2,109,944	4,447,009					
Administrative Expenses	333,731	148,979 5,722,252					
Total Expenses Change in IBNR	3,001,907 (117,000)	5,723,352 (769,416)					
Net Expenses	2,884,907	4,953,936					
Change in Net Assets	1,680,602	2,946,245					
Beginning Net Assets	16,187,541	13,241,296					
Ending Net Assets	\$ 17,868,143	\$ 16,187,541					

Appendices - Financial Statements

COMPREHENSIVE PROPERTY PROTECTION PLAN (CPPP)						
			<u> </u>			
DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	WIND AND FLOOD The CPPP Named Windstorm and Flood Program (Wind and Flood) is a partially self-insured plan that insures the institutions against direct physical loss and damage resulting from named- windstorm and/or resulting flood. A \$100 million commercial insurance limit is in place above a funded reserve which is supported by capacity to issue debt up to \$50 million. Underlying National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and Texas Windstorm Insurance Association (TWIA) policies are purchased as the first layer of coverage.					
DATE OF INCEPTION	The CPPP Wind & Flood Pr	rogram was	established in 2003.			
PREMIUM ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY	20% - Institution's total insu 40% - Values in Tier 1 & 2 k 40% - Values in Tier 1 & 2 k	based on los	ss estimates			
	CPPP Wind & Flood					
	Balance Sheet					
	at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007			
Assets Operating Cash Interest Receivable	\$	\$	12,075,416 31,307			
Prepaid Expenses	1,727,597		676,297			
Accounts Receivable	6,471		3,219			
Total Assets	16,571,041		12,786,239			
	10,071,041		12,700,200			
Liabilities Accrued Expenses IBNR	232,053 150,000		83,008			
Total Liabilities	382,053		83,008			
Net Assets	16,188,988		12,703,231			
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 16,571,041	\$	12,786,239			
	Income Statement					
	Year Ended 8-31-2008		Year Ended 8-31-2007			
Revenue		•				
Premium Income	\$ 5,606,492	\$	3,598,621			
Interest Income	387,572		292,101			
Claim Settlement	492,770		-			
Total Revenue	6,486,835		3,890,722			
Expenses			-			
Claim Expenses			-			
Premium Expenses	2,565,947		300,600			
Administration Expenses	285,131		148,979			
Total Expenses	2,851,078		449,579			
Change in IBNR	150,000		- 449,579			
Net Expenses Change in Net Assets	<u>3,001,078</u> 3,485,756		3,441,143			
Beginning Net Assets	12,703,231		9,262,088			
Ending Net Assets	\$ 16,188,988	\$	12,703,231			

ROLLING OWNER CONTROLLED INSURANCE PROGRAM

DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	The ROCIP provides Workers' Compensation, General Liability, and Excess Liability insurance coverage for all enrolled contractors working on designated UT System construction projects. The benefits include lower insurance premiums due to bulk purchasing, consistency of insurance provided on each project, enhanced safety and loss control, and cost savings.					
VALUES ENROLLED ALL PHASES	\$4,006,536,520 at August 31, 2008					
PROJECT FUND CONTRIBUTION RATE	Actuar	ially determined rat	te per \$100	construction value		
		ROCIP				
		Balance Sheet				
		at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007		
Assets						
Operating Cash	\$	30,961,695	\$	27,050,043		
Interest Receivable		69,043		67,823		
Accounts Receivable		1,617,696		335,826		
Total Assets		32,648,434		27,453,692		
Liabilities						
Accrued Expenses		1,268,185		17,684		
IBNR		6,745,724		7,136,948		
Total Liabilities		8,013,909		7,154,632		
Net Assets		24,634,525		20,299,060		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	32,648,434	\$	27,453,692		
		- ,, -	ŗ	, ,		
		Income Statemen	t			
	•	Year Ended 8-31-200		ar Ended 8-31-2007		
Revenue						
Premium Income IV	\$	8,286,697	\$	13,687,627		
Premium Income V		4,516,310		-		
Loss Settlement		598		-		
Interest Income		793,809		658,544		
Total Revenue		13,597,413		14,346,171		
_						
Expenses				0.47		
ROCIP I Expenses		-		347		
ROCIP II Expenses		-		-		
ROCIP III Expenses ROCIP IV Expenses		51,481		559,240		
ROCIP V Expenses		6,896,411 2,517,351		2,693,728		
Administrative Expenses						
Total Expenses	187,930 201,644 9,653,173 3,454,959					
Change in IBNR	(391,224) 3,454,959 (391,224) 630,294					
Net Expenses	9,261,949 4,085,253					
Excess Revenue Over Expenses		4,335,465		10,260,918		
-		4,000,400				
Other Transfers & Adjustments		4,335,465		(17,704)		
Change in Net Assets		4,333,403		10,243,214		
Beginning Net Assets		20,299,060		10,055,846		
Ending Net Assets	\$	24,634,525	\$	20,299,060		

Appendices - Financial Statements

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE (WCI)

DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	WCI is a self-administered/self-insurance plan that provides necessary and reasonable medical coverage and income benefit payments to UT System employees who sustain injuries or occupational disease while in the course and scope of employment. An all-states policy is purchased for employees who work in states outside of Texas. In addition, commercial workers' compensation coverage is provided for employees who work under federal contracts and in foreign countries.					
DATE OF INCEPTION		ory authority embodie on September 1, 195		503 of the Texas La	abor	
PREMIUM ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY	30% -	Loss History (3 years Payroll (3 years) Claim Frequency (3 y		\$100,000 per claim		
	Work	ers' Compensation Ins Balance Sheet	urance			
		at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007		
Assets						
Operating Cash	\$	51,895,032	\$	139,283		
Investments		(22)		58,284,170		
August Premiums Receivable		498,004		913,755		
Accounts Receivable		281,873		394,915		
Total Assets		52,674,887		59,732,123		
Liabilities						
Accrued Expenses		202,210		234,413		
IBNR		10,208,000		13,296,000		
Total Liabilities		10,410,210		13,530,413		
Net Assets		42,264,677		46,201,710		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	52,674,887	\$	59,732,124		
		Income Ctatament				
		Income Statement Year Ended 8-31-2008		Year Ended 8-31-200	7	
Revenue						
Premium Income	\$	6,310,559	\$	10,734,661		
Investment Income	Ψ	1,656,785	Ψ	1,809,945		
Total Revenue		7,967,383		12,544,606		
Less RAP Funds Transfer		(3,000,000)		(4,000,000)		
Net Revenue		4,967,383		8,544,606		
Expenses		.,,		0,01.,000		
Claim Expenses		4,618,940		4,606,248		
Claim Management Expenses		1,870,173		1,888,806		
Out of State Insurance		212,047		145,122		
Administrative Expenses		1,050,813		1,060,255		
Total Expenses	7,751,973 7,700,431					
Change in IBNR	(3,088,000) (2,605,000)					
Net Expenses		4,663,973		5,095,431		
Excess Revenue Over Expenses		303,410		3,449,175		
Other Transfers & Adjustments	(4,240,444) 3,355,955					
Change in Net Assets		(3,937,033)		6,805,130		
Beginning Net Assets		46,201,710		39,396,580		
Ending Net Assets	\$	42,264,677	\$	46,201,710		

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION INSURANCE (UCI)

DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	UCI is a self-insurance plan that assists workers who become unemployed through no fault of their own. It provides temporary financial assistance to qualified individuals while they search for other work.				
DATE OF INCEPTION		1971			
PREMIUM ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY	60% - Loss History (3 years) 20% - Claim Frequency (3 years) 20% - FTEs				
Ur	nem	ployment Compensation In	surance		
		Balance Sheet			
Assets		at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007	
	\$	4,675,548	\$	7,500	
Investments	Ψ	(488)	Ŷ	4,776,193	
August Premiums Receivable		67,531		43,563	
Accounts Receivable		25,512		24,034	
Total Assets		4,768,104		4,851,290	
Liabilities					
Claims Accrued		799,849		852,545	
Total Liabilities		799,849		852,545	
Net Assets		3,968,255		3,998,745	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	4,768,104	\$	4,851,290	
		Income Statement Year Ended 8-31-2008		Year Ended 8-31-2007	
Revenue		Teal Ended 0-31-2000		Fear Ended 8-31-2007	
	\$	3,347,313	\$	3,396,743	
Investment Income	+	166,626	Ŧ	193,339	
Total Revenue		3,513,939		3,590,082	
Expenses		0.400.000		0.440.400	
Claim Expenses Actuary Expenses		3,199,392		3,410,180 2,500	
Administrative Expenses		2,875 60,848		123,389	
Total Expenses		3,263,115		3,536,069	
Change in Prior Year Accrual		(52,696)		105,861	
Net Expenses		3,210,419		3,641,930	
Excess Revenue over Expenses		303,520		(51,848)	
Other Transfers and Adjustments		(334,011)		228,658	
Change in Net Assets		(30,490)		176,810	
Beginning Net Assets		3,998,745		3,821,935	
Ending Net Assets	\$	3,968,255	\$	3,998,745	
			·		

DIRECTORS & O	FFI	CERS / EMPL	OYME	NT PRACTICES
	LIA	BILITY (D&O	'EPL)	
DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	[ti c t	D&O/EPL is a self-insur- poard members, employ ndividuals, as well as ea claims arising from actu- by the Plan beneficiaries	ance plan t vees, facult ach of the L al or allege s. The Plar es Liability o	JT System entities for d wrongful acts performed n also provides coverage claims, such as wrongful
DATE OF INCEPTION		September 1, 1991 – Co September 1, 1996 – Co		and B
PREMIUM ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY		80% - Employee headco 20% - Loss History (6 ye		rs) ed at \$250,000 per claim
		Directors & Officers		
		Balance Sheet		
Acasta		at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007
Assets Operating Cash	\$	11,647,447	\$	10,201,656
Interest Receivable	Ŷ	26,537	Ŷ	26,466
Prepaid Expenses		19,674		52,420
Total Assets		11,693,658		10,280,542
Liabilities				
Deferred Income		12,296		13,327
IBNR		3,410,789		3,069,532
Total Liabilities		3,423,085		3,082,859
Net Assets		8,270,574		7,197,683
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	11,693,658	\$	10,280,542
		Income Statement		
_		Year Ended 8-31-2008		Year Ended 8-31-2007
Revenue Bromium Incomo	¢	1 410 061	¢	1 444 672
Premium Income Interest Income	\$	1,419,061 320,689	\$	1,444,673 273,372
Total Revenue	<u> </u>	1,739,750		1,718,045
-				
Expenses		220 560		208 059
Excess Insurance Policy Expense Actuary Expenses		220,560 6,188		208,958
Administrative Expenses		98,855		1,625 125,369
Total Expenses		325,603		335,952
Change in IBNR		341,257		(299,846)
Net Expenses		666,860		36,106
Excess Revenue Over Expenses		1,072,891		1,681,939
Other Transfers & Adjustments Change in Net Assets		1,072,891		1,681,939
Beginning Net Assets		7,197,683		5,515,744
Ending Net Assets	\$	8,270,574	\$	7,197,683

PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL LIABILITY PLAN (PMLI)

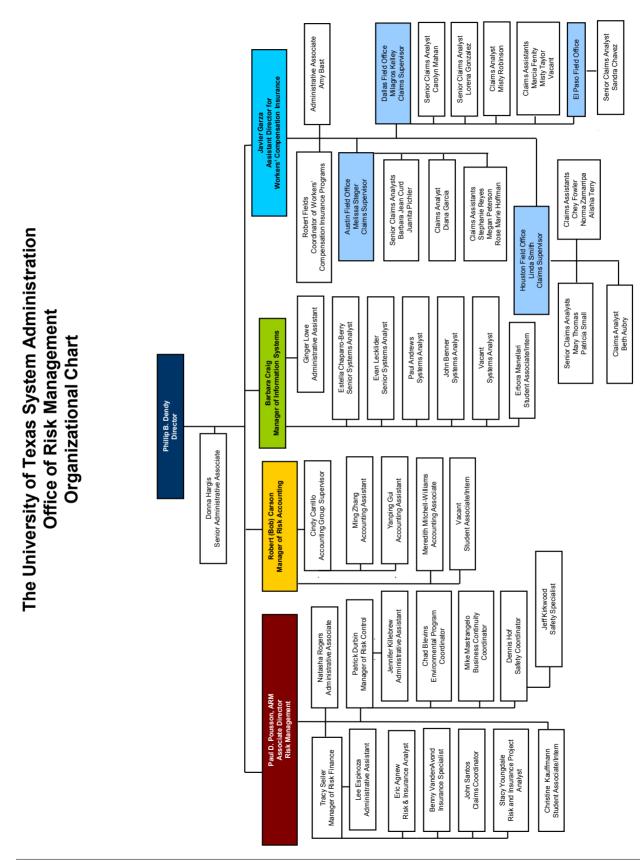
DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE	PMLI is a self-insurance plan that covers all of the UT System staff physicians, dentists, residents, fellows, and medical students who have been enrolled for claims and lawsuits relating to events that occurred while enrolled in the Plan.
DATE OF INCEPTION	Statutory authority was granted to the Board of Regents by the Texas Education Code Section 59.01 on March 10, 1977 and the plan was approved by the Board of Regents on April 15, 1977.

PREMIUM ALLOCATION50% - Institution Weighted Loss History (20 yrs)METHODOLOGY50% - Overall Plan Rate (20 yrs)

	Prof	essional Medical Liability Balance Sheet	Plan	
		at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007
Assets		at 0-31-2000		at 0-31-2007
Operating Cash	\$	6,081,106	\$	13,669,420
Investments	Ψ	107,950,428	Ψ	132,039,289
Accounts Receivable		331,808		132,033,203
		114,363,342		
Total Assets		114,363,342		145,708,709
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		141,770		27,075
IBNR		29,867,984		35,678,697
Total Liabilities		30,009,754		35,705,772
Net Assets		84,353,588		110,002,937
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	114,363,342	\$	145,708,709
		Income Statement		
		Year Ended 8-31-2008		Year Ended 8-31-2007
Revenue				
Premium Income	\$	12,805,029	\$	20,691,975
Investment Income	Ψ	4,308,023	Ψ	5,125,218
Total Revenue		17,113,052		25,817,193
Less Premium Refund		(35,000,000)		(25,000,000)
Net Revenue		(17,886,948)		817,193
		(17,880,948)		017,195
Expenses		2 002 912		2 520 022
Legal Expenses		2,093,812		2,529,933
Claim Liability Expenses		2,178,579		2,232,303
Medical Examiner Expenses		370,820		146,523
Administrative Expenses		1,272,895		1,243,850
Other Expenses		61,404		56,400
Total Expenses		5,977,510		6,209,009
Change in IBNR		(5,810,713)		(46,619,322)
Net Expenses		166,797		(40,410,313)
Excess Revenue Over Expenses		(18,053,745)		41,227,506
Other Changes in Net Assets				
Investments Market Value Increase		(3,908,684)		9,526,825
Transfer to Special Funds		(3,686,920)		(5,000,000)
Total Other Changes		(7,595,604)		4,526,825
Change in Net Assets		(25,649,349)		45,754,331
Beginning Net Assets		110,002,937		64,248,606
		84,353,588	\$	110,002,937

BUSINESS INTERRUPTION (BI)

		ss Interruption covers BI le ercial or self-insurance pla		ot otherwise covered by
	August ⁱ und.	2006 by a \$5 million Boa	rd of Reg	gents allocation from PLI
		Business Interruption Balance Sheet		
		at 8-31-2008		at 8-31-2007
Assets	•	47.450	•	
Operating Cash	\$	47,450	\$	-
Investments		5,387,664		5,249,367
Interest Receivable		12,243		23,546
Accounts Receivable		-		-
Total Assets		5,447,357		5,272,913
Liabilities				
IBNR		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-
Net Assets		5,447,357		5,272,913
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	5,447,357	\$	5,272,913
		Income Statement		
		Year Ended 8-31-2008		Year Ended 8-31-2007
Revenue	¢		¢	
Premium Income Interest Income	\$	- 206,994	\$	- 269,995
Total Revenue		206,994		269,995
		200,334		209,990
Expenses				
Plan Administration Expense		32,550		-
Total Expenses		32,550		-
Excess Revenue Over Expenses		174,444		269,995
Change in Net Assets		174,444		269,995
Beginning Net Assets		5,272,913		5,002,917
Ending Net Assets	\$	5,447,357	\$	5,272,913
3				



FISCAL YEAR		Cost of WCI	k - Systemwide F Universit UCI ²	ograms Mana of Texas Syst CPPP AOP ¹¹	jed by the Offic em - All Instituti CPPP W&F 11	ce of Risk M ions Crime	fanageme Fine Arts	Equip	D&O		Int ⁹
2008 2007 ¹⁰	\$ 24,247,255 \$ 28,450,232	\$ 6,371,604 \$ 10,742,224	\$ 3,303,750 \$ 3,396,743	\$ 4,626,496 \$ \$ 7,233,992 \$	6,442,018 3,578,545	\$262,900 \$239,000	\$18,118 \$11,871	\$388,301 \$392,667	\$1,418,030 \$1,458,000	\$930,661 \$909,725	\$ 485,377 \$ 487,466
2006 2005		\$ 11,593,314 \$ 12,286.028	\$ 4,168,881 \$ 4.406,008	5,619,251 6.415.748				\$338,761 \$275.895	\$1,458,649 \$1.469.125		\$ 105,782 \$ 81.984
2004		12,257,		6,875,407				\$287,660	\$1,380,125		 Ф
ALL	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008						
Headcount ³	89,454	92,282	97,027	-	101,071						
TIV ⁴ Gross So Et ⁵	\$15,504,375,771 59 801 861	\$16,400,963,179 61 688 646	\$19,058,243,487 66 936 218	\$20,868,571,383 \$ 72 430 784	\$ 21,948,698,072 72 430 784						
Operating Budget ⁶	\$ 7,799,000,000	\$ 8,500,700,000	\$ 9,558,900,000		\$ 10,653,949,717						
Enroliment Research Expenditures ⁶		102,/ 32 \$ 1,541,503,481		1 30, 364, 140 \$							
Payroll * Premium - Cost of Risk ⁷	\$ 3,966,128,285 \$ 29,290,175	\$ 4,341,199,688 \$ 29,011,130	\$ 4,681,720,700 \$ 27,699,673	\$ 4,959,329,866 \$ \$ 28,450,232 \$	5,363,195,005 24,247,255						
45%	All Ins Perce	All Institutions - ORM Program Metrics FY 2004-2003 Percent Increase (Decrease) over Baseline FY 2004	DRM Progr (Decrease	- ORM Program Metrics FY 2004-2008 se (Decrease) over Baseline FY 2004	FY 2004-; eline FY 2	ß					
35% -						- 🖷	otal Insure perating E ayroll, 35%	Total Insured Value, 42% Operating Budget, 37% Payroll, 35%	42% %		
25% -						r Q	Kesearcn, 34% Gross Sq Ft, 29%	34% t, 29%			
15% -						T	eadcount	. 13%			
5% -						•	Enrollment, 9%	, 9 %			
(2%) -											
(15%) -					/	/	Cost of Risk ⁷ , (17%)	:k ⁷ , (17%)			
(25%)					-		ſ				
	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006		FY 2007	FY 2008	m				
 Total does not include PLI. Includes UCI premium paid to Systemwide program in 2004 and 2005 plus claims reimbursed directly to the TWC by the Institution. Includes UCI premium paid to Systemwide program in 2004 and 2005 plus claims reimbursed directly to the TWC by the Institution. Statistical Handbook, Texas Higher Education Board. Valses reported to ORM by institutions for CPPP and WCI programs. UT System Accountability & Performance Report 2004-2008. UT System Fast Facts, 2004-2008. Des not include individual Fine Arts policies purchased for Institutions. Desen on include individual Fine Arts policies purchased for Institutions. International Indude the International package. SOS, Special Crime and DBA policies and are paid by UT System funds and not a international indudes the International package. SOS, Special Crime and DBA policies and are paid by UT System funds and not a 10 CPPP-AOP⁻, CPP-AOP⁻, CPPP-AOP⁻, CPPP-A	to Systemwide program s Higher Education Boar Institutions for CPPP at Performance Report 21 4-2008. 4-2008. Fine Arts policy for UT / Fine Arts policy for UT / ternational package. SC cludes an additional 6 n and Auto include premiu	n in 2004 and 2005 plus claim rd. ud. WCl programs. 004-2008. es purchased for Institutions. Austin. DS. Special Crime and DBA r Donths commercial premium.	claims reimbursed dire claims reimbursed dire ions. BA policies and are pa num.	5 plus claims reimbursed directly to the TWC by the Institution. Institutions. and DBA policies and are paid by UT System funds and not allocated to Institutions. Is premium.	Institution. and not allocated to	Institutions.					